

# **POSICHRON®** Magnetostrictive Position Sensors

# Installation and operation manual



Please read carefully before installation and operation!

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Contents



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Safety instructions	Do not use POSICHRON <sup>®</sup> position sensors in safety critical applications where malfunction or total failure of the sensor may cause danger for man or machine.				
	For safety related applications additional mechanisms (devices) are necessary to maintain safety and to avoid damage.				
	Disregard of this advice releases the manufacturer from pro- duct liability.				
	The sensor must be operated only within values specified in the catalog or datasheet.				
	Connection to power supply must be performed in accordance with safety instructions for electrical facilities and performed only by trained staff.				
	Insulation testing, welding and painting by electrostatic pain- ting system may cause damage to a POSICHRON® position sen- sor embedded within an equipment (cylinder, working machine etc). Disconnect the sensor unit in case of such treatment and plug in a protective shorting plug to ground all pins to cable shield. Refer to acessories for protective shorting plug.				
	Cable outputs must be installed in such a way that no moisture can get into the cable.				
	Do not connect / disconnect the sensor under tension.				
	Crossing the dew point must be avoided.				
	Protect the sensor against all strong electric or magnetic fields.				
	Do not expose the sensor or the position magnets to shocks or any kind of impacts.				
	POSICHRON <sup>®</sup> position sensors must be mounted with unma- gnetic screws.				
	Position magnets must be mounted always with unmagnetic screws.				

# **POSICHRON® Instruction Manual**



Explanation of used safety signs and signal words	Ń	WARNING, Risk of Injury: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or property damage.
	DANGER	WARNING, Risk of Personal Injury or Death: Indicates a situation that can result in serious personal injury or death if not properly avoided.
	WARNING	WARNING, Risk of Personal Injury or Death: Indicates a situation that can result in moderate personal injury or death if not properly avoided.
	CAUTION	WARNING, Risk of Personal Injury: Indicates a situation that can result in minor personal injury if not properly avoided.
	NOTICE	WARNING, Risk of Property Damage: Indicates a situation that can result in minor to major property damage if not properly avoided.



Intended use	The position sensor is intended for distance measurement, when properly mounted and used in the properly rated ambient atmospheric and technical conditions for which the sensor is designated.
Unintended use	The unintended use is when the sensor is used outside its specified tech- nical and ambient atmospheric conditions or when improperly mounted



Description	to transform position of a linear and signal. Specifications of measuring onnections as specified in the catalog, manual. If the catalog is not available spective model number.				
	POSICHRON <sup>®</sup> is an absolute, contact-free and wear-free posi- measuring system. It is extremely rugged making it suitable eve applications where other measuring principles would fail. The availa of various constructions – rod, square profile and ultra-flat profile – m that the system can be adapted to suit all kinds of installation conditic				
	The POSICHRON <sup>®</sup> linear measuring system consists of a magnetostrictive wave guide and a movable magnet for determining position. The measuring principle of POSICHRON <sup>®</sup> position sensors is based on two physical effects: the Wiedemann effect and the Villari effect.				
	To create the Wiedemann effect, a current impulse is sent through the PO- SICHRON <sup>®</sup> positional sensor's wave guide. This current impulse generates a circular magnetic field which propagates at the speed of light around the wave guide. If this circular magnetic field makes contact with the magnetic field of the position magnet which is moved lengthways, a torsional mechanical-elastic density wave is triggered at the overlap area of the two magnetic fields as a result of magnetostriction. This wave propagates in the wave guide at approx. 2800 m/s.				
	The sensor head of the POSICHRON <sup>®</sup> position sensor contains a detector which detects the arrival of this wave. The magneto-elastic Villari effect is used as the method of detection. The position between the detector coil and the magnet which can be moved lengthways along the POSICHRON® sensor is determined by measuring the time difference between the electrical induction current impulse and the voltage pulse generated via the Villari effect in the detector coil (time-of-flight principle).				
	This time difference can be converted into analog or digital output signals. T also be evaluated directly by commonuter and time-measuring devices	ed using various well-known methods The time-of-flight signals can however nonly-available interface modules or			
	Measurement range	Measurement rate			
Measurement rate					
depending on the	100 1000 mm	2.0 2.5 MS			
measurement range		2.5 4.3 IIIS			
	2000 4000 mm	4.3 8.8 MS			
	4000 0000 11111	0.0 1115 13 1115			

# **POSICHRON® Instruction Manual**



Remarks on environmental materials	In order to ensure a perfect magnetic signal of the position magnet all interferences caused by magnetic and/or magnetizable materials have to be avoided. In principle it is absolutely recommended to use not magnetizable materials for the environment of the sensor. Likewise only not magnetizable screws should be used for the attachment of the position magnet.
	Magnetic or magnetizable materials in the environment of the sensor can affect the signal of the position magnet in such a manner that the specified limit values are not kept. In addition it is possible that mismeasurements are caused by magnetic or magnetizable materials.
	If the use of magnetizable material (rel. permeability $\mu r >> 1$ ) is inevitable, the sensor must be protected by suitable methods against magnetic fields ( $H \ge 400 \text{ A/m}$ ). Pay attention to a sufficient distance of the sensor and the magnet to external magnetic fields with field strengths of $H \ge 400 \text{ A/m}$ ! The magnetic flux density of the environment may not exceed the value of $B =$ 0.5 mT at the position of the magnet and the sensor rod. Magnetic and/or magnetizable materials should be absolutely avoided.
	Materials with $\mu$ r > 1 are acceptable if <b>Br</b> $\leq$ <b>0.5 mT</b> resp. <b>Hc</b> $\leq$ <b>500 A/m</b> at the same time, higher values than indicated can lead to failure of the position measurement.
	To avoid a local increase of the field strength, additionally all edges near the sensor rod and the position magnet must be provided with a chamfer $(1 \times 45^{\circ})$ .
Handling of the	Notes about the handling of the position magnets PCMAG

# position magnets



Regardless of the robust design the improper handling of the position magnets can cause reduction in signal quality, in extreme cases signal loss. Therefore a careful handling of the position magnets during installation and operation is recommended.

- The storage and operation temperature of the position magnet must not exceed 100 °C.
- Extremly mechanical shock (drop) must be avoided.
- Do not expose the magnet to strong external magnetic fields • (Hmax. < 140 kA/m, ~1,8 kOe).

Note: When using multiple magnets the distance between two magnets must be min. 70 mm to identify the single magnets definitely.



Mounting PCQAxx The sensor must be mounted with minimum two mounting sets PCQA-BFS1. For longer profiles one ore more additional mounting sets are necessary in the middle of the profile.

Mounting set PCQA-BFS1 with mounting clamps





44 [1.732] 24,65 [.97]

Option -BFW Mounting brackets for PCQA22 and PCQA24 <u>Note:</u> The option -BFW can only be ordered with a new sensor, not separately!



<u>26,6 [1.047]</u> <u>Ø25 [.984]</u> 8

35 [1.378]





55 [2.165]

Dimensions in mm [inch]



Mounting PCFPxx The sensor must be mounted with minimum two mounting sets PCFPxx-BFS1. For longer profiles one ore more additional mounting sets are necessary in the middle of the profile.

Mounting set PCFP23-BFS1 and PCFP24-BFS1 with mounting clamps



Dimensions in mm [inch]

Dimensions informative only. For guaranteed dimensions consult factory.



Dimonsions for	POSICHRON model	Dim. B [mm]	Dim. C [mm]
BES1	PCFP23	52	64
BIOT	PCFP24	59	71

#### PCFP23 + PCMAG5



#### PCFP24 + PCMAG5







\_. . . . . . .



MountingThe position sensor must be mounted with min. two mounting sets PCFP25-PCFP25BFS1 (accessories). For longer profiles one or more additional mounting<br/>sets are necessary in the middle of the profile.



For guaranteed dimensions consult factory.



MountingThe sensor must be mounted with minimum two mounting sets PCRP21-PCRP21BFS4. For longer profiles one ore more additional mounting sets are necessary in the middle of the profile.

## Mounting set PCRP21-BFS4 with mounting clamps



Dimensions in mm [inch]

## Mounting PCRP32

The sensor must be mounted in such a position that the magnet is located above the arrow label on the sensor housing!

Dimensions in mm [inch]



Mounting<br/>PCSTxxThe PCSTxx will be mounted via screw-thread M18 or ¾ inch.<br/>The PCSTxx-M18 resp. PCSTxx-Z3/4 will be mounted via the flange thread<br/>(M18 x 1,5 bzw. ¾ inch-16UNF). The mounting face of the sensor head<br/>must fit plane to the surface of the hydraulic cylinder. To avoid any damage<br/>use a fitting nut for the flange thread. Tighten the sensor, a torque of 50 Nm<br/>must not be exceeded. Apply threadlocker to the thread before moun-<br/>ting (recommended: LOCTITE 2701).





Dimensions in mm [inch]







Mounting The application range for the rod-style PCSTxx is wide. The PCST25 is the plug-in version - the sensor submerges completely wi-PCST25-SV thin the hydraulic cylinder. There are 2 methods of mounting the PCST25-SV: from the right side, as shown on the following drawing, or from the left side (second drawing), where it has to be fastened with a grub screw. O ring and stabilizing ring r 888 Π 888 Position magnet O ring and stabilizing ring A JU 88 Е Position magnet Fasteneing with grub screw

Dimensions in mm [inch]



#### Mounting The sensor rod of stainless steel is located within the bore of the piston rod. The size of bore must be selected depending on the pressure and **PCSTxx** the speed of the piston, however a size of at least 12,7 mm ( $\frac{1}{2}$ inch). The (continuation) maximum pressure of 400 bar must not be exceeded. At the retraction and the extension of the hydraulic cylinder a capacity of V = I $\cdot$ A (A: sensor cross section = 78,5 mm<sup>2</sup>, I: piston stroke) must be displaced. If the displaced capacity isn't able to flow into or off fast enough a force has an effect on the sensor rod surface, perhaps the rod may break! In order to keep the effect of the force as small as possible, compensation holes of sufficient cross section must be planned, by those the capacity can flow through without generating unnecessarily high pressure on the sensor rod. The position magnet as well as the sensor rod must be protected against wear by constructive methods. The position magnet must not drag along the sensor rod (especially when mopunted in a hydraulic cylinder)! As an alternative to PCSTMAG2 a high-tensile and abrasion-poor special magnet is available (PCSTMAG2-G1/G2). Non-magnetizable screws, distance bushes, circlips etc. must be used for mounting support. Use non-magnetic screws only to fix the position magnet! If a magnetic material is used a minimum distance of 8 mm (dimension "A") must be observed between the position magnet and the mounting flange resp. the hydraulic piston (see drawing below). As an option is the distance bush "**PCSTMAG2-BFS1**" available. Note: The magnetic leakage field of any environment at the position of the magnet must not exceed 0.5 mT. PCSTMAG2 Dimensions in mm [inch] Dimensions informative only. For guaranteed dimensions consult factory. Mounting with PCSTMAG2-BFS1 Stroke length Head zone Foot zone Position magnet Additional magnetic field <0.5 mT Ø32 12.7 mm bore Sensor rod -10.0 dia. Piston head & O rina 8 Distance bush

Thread (M18x1.5 metric))

Distance bush



Mounting<br/>PCSTxxIf mounted in horizontal position, sensors with more than 1000 mm range<br/>(length) must be provided with mechanical support at every 1000 mm and<br/>use the position magnet PCSTMAG1 (U-shape, see drawing)).

The rod of sensors with more than 1000 mm range and without mechanical support may have a sag or possibly break!

Example: Sensor support



Therefore the sensor rod must not pulled out of the bore of the hydraulic cylinder completely. A minimum length of 50 mm must remain in the piston resp. the piston rod.

Mounting of<br/>PCSTMAG2-<br/>G1/G2Take both parts of the housing out of the bag, put it together and insert it<br/>into the designated bore of the cylinder piston. The correct position of the<br/>housing is very important (see drawing).<br/>Please check that the four rubber pads are located in the four holes of

the part of the housing. The four rubber pads are located in the four noies of the part of the housing. The four rubber pads ensure the horizontal compensation. The circlip DIN 472 fixes the housing of PCSTMAG2-G1. Check the that the circlip fits into the groove completely. Assemble PCSTMAG2-G2 in the same way.









Mounting<br/>PCST26Keep the cable between sensor and electronics housing well separated<br/>from power wiring, the minimum distance must be 500 mm.Separate<br/>electronicsTo achieve a good noise rejection a low-pass filter with a cutoff frequency of<br/>5 kHz is recommended at the input of the subsequent electronics.

To avoid potential compensation currents via the shield it is recommended to connect all facility units (components) with potential compensation lines.

Do only connect sensor and electronics housing with the <u>same</u> serial number!

Do not operate the system before the the sensor and the electronics housing have been connected and screwed together properly.

Do not connect or disconnect the electronics housing while the power is on!





Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	The electromagnetic compatibility depends on wiring practice. Recommended wiring:
	<ul> <li>The profile housing sensor models can be mounted isolated using the appropriate mounting sets including an isolation strip.</li> <li>Use shielded twisted pair sensor cable.</li> <li>Keep sensor signal well separated from power wiring e.g. AC wiring, motor or relay. Use separate conduit or ducts for each.</li> </ul>
	If application includes highly electromagnetic interference emitting equip- ment like switch converter drives additional measures are recommended:
	<ul> <li>Use a twisted pair cable, shielded per pair and common.</li> <li>Use shielded conduits or ducts connected to ground potential.</li> </ul>
Repair and disposal	Sensors and accessories have to be repaired and adjusted at ASM in Moo- sinning.
$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	In order to avoid risk of injury and improper handling do not try to repair. No warranty or liability will be granted for opened sensors.



Disposal: Send metal parts for recycling!

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Analog output



Signal conditioner U1, U2, U3, U8 Voltage output	Excitation voltage	<b>U1, U2</b> : 18 36 V DC; <b>U3, U8</b> : 10 36 V	
	Excitation current	Typ. 23/46 mA at 24/12 V DC, 80 mA max.	
	Output voltage	<b>U1</b> : 0 10 V; <b>U2</b> : 0.5 10 V; <b>U3</b> : 0 5 V; <b>U8</b> : 0.5 4.5 V	
	Output current	2 mA max.	
	Resolution	16 bit	
	Stability (temperature)	±50 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> / °C f.s.	
	Protection	Reverse polarity, short circuit	
	Output noise	0.5 mV <sub>BMS</sub>	
	Operating temperature	-40 +85 °C	
	EMC	EN 61326-1:2013	
Signal conditioner	Excitation voltage	18 36 V DC  f. R≤500 Ω 10 36 V DC  f. R≤100 Ω	
I1, IZ	Excitation current	Typ. 36/66 mA at 24/12 V DC, 80 mA max.	
	Load resistor	500 Ω max.	
	Output current <b>I1</b>	4 20 mA, 30 mA max (at failure)	
mA	Output current <b>I2</b>	0 20 mA, 30 mA max (at failure)	
	Resolution	16 bit	
	Stability (temperature)	±50 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> / °C f.s.	
	Protection	Reverse polarity, short circuit	
	Output noise	0.5 mV <sub>RMS</sub>	
	Operating temperature	-40 +85 °C	
	EMC	EN 61326-1:2013	

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Analog output



Signal diagram	ſ		1	Excitation +	
		_		Excitation GND	
	<b>C</b>	U1, U2,		Signal 1 + <sub>c</sub>	
	N	U3, U8,		Signal GND	
		11,12 —		Signal 2 + (as option)	
			s	PAN/ZERO (PMU, as option)	
	L				
Signal wiring	Output signals U1, U2, U3, U8, I1, I2		Connector pin	Cable color	
	Excitation +		1	white	
	Excitation GND		2	brown	
	Signal 1 +		3	green	
	Signal GND		4	yellow	
	Signal 2 + (as option)		5	grey	
	SPAN/ZERO (PMU, as	s option)	6	pink	
	When using multiple min. 70 mm to identi	e magnets the	e distance betwe magnets definite	een two magnets must be ely.	
<b>Connection</b> Mating connector	View to sensor connec	tor	2001 30 8 07 40 06 5 00NN-M12-8M	5 3 7 8 CONN-D8-8M	
Output with 5-pin connector / cable	View t senso conne	o r C ctor	ONN-M12-5M	$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ 2_{\circ} & \circ 1 \\ \end{array} \\ 3^{\circ} & \circ 4 \end{array} $	
	Output signals	Con	nector pin	Cable color	
Signal wiring	Excitation +		1	brown	
	Signal 1 +		2	white	
	GND		3	blue	
	Signal 2 + (option)		4	black	
	PMU optional		5	grey	
Output with 4-pin connector M8	View t sensor conne	o r C ctor	ONN-M8-4M		
	Output aignala			Connector nic	
Signal wiring				Connector piñ	
0	Excitation +			1	
	Excitation GND		2		
	Signal +			3	
	PIVIU ODTIONAL			4	



#### The analog signal output in case of error

Diagnostic signal on error for U1, U2, U3, U8, I1, I2

In case of error (e.g. magnet missing) the analog output signal will assume a state according to the following options:

	U1	U2	U3	U8	l1	12
Alarm_HIGH (standard)	U <sub>out</sub> ≥ 10,5 V	U <sub>out</sub> ≥ 10,5 V	U <sub>out</sub> ≥ 10 V	U <sub>out</sub> ≥ 10 V	I <sub>out</sub> ≥ 21 mA	I <sub>out</sub> ≥ 21 mA
Alarm_LOW (/U)	_	U <sub>out</sub> < 0,25 V (U2/U)	_	U <sub>out</sub> < 0,25 V (U8/U)	1,5 2 mA (I1/U)	_
Alarm_HOLD	-keeps last valid state-	-keeps last valid state-	-keeps last valid state-	-keeps last valid state-	-keeps last valid state-	-keeps last valid state-
(/11)	(U1/H)	(U2/H)	(U3/H)	(U8/H)	(I1/H)	(I2/H)

#### Alarm\_HIGH (standard)

The output voltage resp. the output current is at HIGH level (overrange).

#### Alarm\_LOW

The output voltage resp. the output current is at LOW level (underrange).

#### Alarm\_HOLD

The output voltage resp. the output current will keep the last valid state.

Settling time for	Settling time for POSICHRON® sensors	
analog outputs	with analog outputs:	<15 ms / 0 90%

#### **Option - PMU** Programming of the start and end value by the customer

for analog outputs U1, U2, U3, U8, I1, I2 The option PMU allows to program the start value and the end value of the output range by a programming signal SPAN/ZERO available at the connector. This Signal SPAN/ZERO must be connected with GND via a push button, then position magnet of the sensor must be moved to the start resp. end position. Pushing the button between 1 and 4 seconds sets the actual position as start position, pushing the button more than 5 seconds sets the actual position as end position. The values will be stored and are available after switching off the sensor.

> To reset the sensor to the factory values the button must be pushed when the sensor is switched on.

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output SSI



Synchronous serial interface SSI	Output Excitation voltag Excitation curre	ge nt	RS422 10 36 V D Typ. 22 mA a at 12 V DC, 7	RS422 10 36 V DC, residual ripple 10 mV <sub>ss</sub> Typ. 22 mA at 24 V DC, typ. 46 mA at 12 V DC, 150 mA max.		
	Code Resolution Delay between Stability (tempe Operating temp Protection EMC	pulse trains rature) erature	Gray code, d ≥ 5 µm >25 µs ±50 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> / ° -40 +85 °C Reverse pola EN 61326-1:	C f.s. C f.s. C arity, short circuit 2013		
Data format (Train of 26 pulses)	$CLOCK + 1 2 3 4$ $\geq 0.5 \ \mu s T = 0.5 \ \mu $	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 > 25 µs > 25 µs > 05b04b03b02b01b00 005b04b03b02b01b00		
Signal diagram	Cable length 50 m 100 m	Sensor circuit	Subs RS422 RS422 RS422 RS422 Note: Extension of the ca maximum transmissi The signals CLOC must be connected common shielded.	able length will reduce the on rate.		
Signal wiring	Signal Excitation + Excitation GND CLOCK CLOCK DATA DATA	Connector pin 1 2 3 4 5 6	Cable color white brown green yellow grey pink	View to sensor connector $2 \circ 0 \circ 1$ $3 \circ 8 \circ 7$ $4 \circ 9$ CONN-M12-8M $2 \circ 4$		

#### **Error indication:**

If the sensor cannot detect a magnet the position value will assume the maximum value (0xFFFFFF).

CONN-D8-8M

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ASM GmbH

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# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen



Description	ANopen Interface according to CANopen-Standards CiA DS301 DS406 or linear position sensors. Process data objects for position and CAM swit hes. Programmable parameters include Preset, Offset, Resolution, CAN witches, Transmission mode.					
CANOP CANopen	Communication profile Device profile Configuration services Error Control Node ID PDO PDO Modes SDO CAM Transmission rates Bus connection Integrated terminating resistor Bus, galvanic isolated	CANop Encode Layer S 305 (tra Node C Default 1-4 TxF Event-/ cyclic/a 1 serve 8 cams 50 kBa program M12 cc $R_T = 12$ No	then CiA 301 V 4.02, Slave er CiA 406 V 3.2 Setting Service (LSS), CiA Draft Standard ansmission rate, node id) Guarding, Heartbeat, Emergency Message :: 127; programmable via LSS or SDO PDO, 0 RxPDO, static mapping Time triggered, Remote-request, Sync acyclic er, 0 client :: ud to 1 MBaud, default: 125 kBaud; mmable via LSS or SDO onnector, 5 pins 20 $\Omega$ , optional			
Specifications	Excitation voltage Excitation current Measuring rate Stability (temperature) Repeatability Operating temperature Protection EMC		18 36 V DC typ. 20 mA at 24 V DC max. 80 mA 1 kHz (asynchronous) ±50 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> / °C f.s. typical 1 LSB -40 +85 °C Reverse polarity, short circuit EN 61326-1:2013			

When using multiple magnets the distance between two magnets must be min. 70 mm to identify the single magnets definitely!

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen



### Setup

Before connecting the sensor to the CAN-Bus the devices have to be checked for correct bitrate and unique node-IDs. Both parameters are configurable by Layer-Setting-Service (LSS) or by Service Data Object (SDO). After power-on the sensor will enter pre-operational state and send a bootup message being ready for configuration by Service Data Objects. Parameters configured by the user can be stored nonvolatile by SAVE command. On receiving "NMT-Node-Start" the sensor transits to operational state and starts process data transmission. When "Auto-Start" is configured the sensor will automatically transit to operational after boot-up without a need for the Node-Start message.

Node monitoring is supported by Node Guarding and Heartbeat protocol. Node Guarding implements cyclic querying of the node status by the NMT-Master within the guard time window. The Heartbeat protocol provides automatic transmission of the node status (heartbeat message) by the slave within producer heartbeat time window.

Following the CAN example protocols included in this manual the sensor may be used without CANopen master device.



#### Warning notice

- Changing parameters may cause unexpected machine movement.
- Changing parameters may influence dependent parameters
- e.g. changing the resolution may have influence on position of CAM switches.
- Precautions have to be taken to avoid damage to human and machine parts!
- Change parameters only when machine is in a safe condition!



# Service Data Object (SDO) COB-Id

Service data objects (SDO) provide a peer to peer communication between master and slave. The communication object identifier (COB) of the SDO is defined by the Node-Id.

SDO	COB-ld	Default COB-ld
Master to Slave	600h + Node-Id	67Fh
Slave to Master	580h + Node-Id	5FFh

## Process Data Object (TPDO)

Real time data transfer is provided by Process Data Objects (PDO). The PDO mapping is fixed. The PDO COB-Id is by default setting derived from the Node-Id (Predefined Connection Set) but may be changed to application specific values by object PDO COB-Id 1800..1803 Sub-Index-1. DLC defines the length of the data field.

CORId			Data Frame	
COB-IU	DLC	Byte0		Byte7
		Data		
180h	longth	Frame		
+ Node-Id	lengun	max 8		
		Byte		

Transmission behaviour of TPDO-1, -2, -4 is configurable by object PDO Communication Parameter 1800, 1801, 1803 sub-indices -1, -2, -3 and -5.

Transmission type example for TPDO-1	COB-ld 1800-1	Transmission Type 1800-2	Inhibit Time 1800-3	Event Timer [ms] 1800-5
Cyclic Asynchronous		FEh	-	1 0FFFFh
Change of State		FEh	ХХ	0
Synchronous		N = 1 240		-
Disable TPDO Enable TPDO	80 00 xx xx 00 00 xx xx	-		-

Transmission type «cyclic asynchronous» triggers TPDO-transmission periodically with a time period defined by the event timer.

Transmission type «change of state» will be enabled If the event timer is set to «0». This will trigger TPDOtransmission on change of the position value where «Inhibit time» defines a minimum time delay between consecutive TPDOs.

In «synch mode» a TPDO is transmitted on reception of a number of one or multiple SYNC commands. Enable or disable a TPDO by setting Bit 31 of the COB-Id '0' resp. '1' (Default: «0» Enabled).

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen



# **Object Dictionary Communication Profile CiA 301**

Object	Index [hex]	Sub- index	Access	Туре	Default	Value Range / Note
Device type	1000	0	ro	U32	0A0196h	encoder profile ,406'
Error register	1001	0	ro	U8	0	
COB-ID-Sync	1005	0	rw	U32	80	
Manufacturer device name	1008	0	ro	String	-	
Manufacturer hardware version	1009	0	ro	String	-	
Manufacturer software version	100A	0	ro	String	-	
Guard time	100C	0	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
Life time factor	100D	0	rw	U8	0	0 FFh
Save Settings	1010	1	w	U32	-	"save" (65766173h)
Load Manufacturer Settings	1011	1	w	U32	-	"load" (64616F6Ch)*
COB-ID-EMCY	1014	0	ro	U32	FFh	NodeID+80h
Producer heartbeat time	1017	0	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
Idendity Object VendorID	1018	1	ro	U32	252h	
Idendity Object Product Code		2	ro	U32	-	
Idendity Object Revision number		3	ro	U32	-	
Idendity Object Serial number		4	ro	U32	-	
COB-ID Server->Client	1200	1	ro	U32	67Fh	- SOD
COBID Client-> Sever		2	ro	U32	5FFh	- SDO
PDO1 COB-ID	1800	1	rw	U32	1FFh	181h 1FFh
PDO1 Transmission-Type		2	rw	U8	FEh	0 FFh
PDO1 Inhibit time		3	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
PDO1 Event timer		5	rw	U16	64h	0 7FFFh
PDO2 COB-ID	1801	1	rw	U32	2FFh	281h 2FFh
PDO2 Transmission-Type		2	rw	U8	0	0 FFh
PDO2 Inhibit time		3	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
PDO2 Event timer		5	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
PDO3 COB-ID	1802	1	rw	U32	3FFh	381h 3FFh
PDO3 Transmission-Type		2	rw	U8	0	0 FFh
PDO3 Inhibit time		3	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
PDO3 Event timer		5	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
PDO4 COB-ID	1803	1	rw	U32	4FFh	481h 4FFh
PDO4 Transmission-Type		2	rw	U8	0	0 FFh
PDO4 Inhibit time		3	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh
PDO4 Event timer		5	rw	U16	0	0 7FFFh

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen



Object	Index [hex]	Sub- index	Access	Туре	Default	Value Range / Note
TPDO1-Mapped Object1	1A00	1	ro	U32	60200120h	
TPDO1-Mapped Object2		2	ro	U32	60300110h	
TPDO1-Mapped Object3		3	ro	U32	63000108h	
TPDO1-Mapped Object4		4	ro	U32	20300008h	
TPDO2-Mapped Object1	1A01	1	ro	U32	60200220h	
TPDO2-Mapped Object2		2	ro	U32	60300210h	
TPDO2-Mapped Object3		3	ro	U32	63000208h	
TPDO2-Mapped Object4		4	ro	U32	20300008h	
TPDO3-Mapped Object1	1A02	1	ro	U32	60200320h	
TPDO3-Mapped Object2		2	ro	U32	60300310h	
TPDO3-Mapped Object3		3	ro	U32	63000308h	
TPDO3-Mapped Object4		4	ro	U32	20300008h	
TPDO4-Mapped Object1	1A03	1	ro	U32	60200420h	
TPDO4-Mapped Object2		2	ro	U32	60300410h	
TPDO4-Mapped Object3		3	ro	U32	63000408h	
TPDO4-Mapped Object4		4	ro	U32	20300008h	
NMT-Startup	1F80	0	rw	U32	0	0, 8

# **POSICHRON® Output CANopen**



# **Device Profile CiA 406**

Object	Index [hex]	Sub- index	Access	Туре	Default	Value Range / Note
Manufacturer specific						
Node-ID	2000		rw		127	1127
Bitrate	2010		rw		4	04, 6
Error	2030		ro			
Hysteresis	2040		rw			
Number of Positions	2080		rw		1	14
User Offset	2100		rw		0	0 0FFFFh
Filter	2102		rw		0	1255
Linear Encoder CiA406						
Operating Parameters	6000		rw		0	
Total Measuring Range	6002		rw			
Position Step Setting	6005	1	rw		50 µm	
Speed Step Setting	6005	2	rw		1mm/s	
Preset Values	6010	14	rw		0	
Position Values	6020	14	ro		0	
Speed Values	6030	14	ro		0	
Cyclic Timer	6200		rw		100	
Profile and SW Version	6507		ro			
Serial Number	650B		ro			
Offset values	650C	14	ro		0	
CAM CiA406						
Cam state register	6300	14	ro			
Cam enable register	6301	14	rw		0	
Cam polarity register	6302	14	rw		0	
Cam 1-8 low limit	6310 6317	14	rw		0	
Cam 1-8 high limit	6320 6327	14	rw		0	
Cam 1-8 hysteresis	6330 6337	14	rw		0	

### **Operating Parameters Bit Code**

15	 	 4	3	2	1	0
				sfc		CS
MSB						LSB

cs = 0/1 Code sequence CW/CCW sfc = 0/1 Scaling function disabled/enabled



# Process Data Object (TPDO) Mapping

TPDO	COB-ld	DLC	Byte 0 Data Frame B					Byte 7		
TPDO-01 	180h	8		Position	(4 Byte)		Speed	(2 Byte)	CAM Status	Error
TPDO-04	+NOUE-IU		LSB			MSB	LSB	MSB	1 Byte	1 Byte

## **CAM State Data Format**

8 Bit CAM State Register								
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	
CAM 8         CAM 7         CAM 6         CAM 5         CAM 4         CAM 3         CAM 2         CAM 1								

## **TPDO Default Settings**

TPDO	Default COB-Id	Default Transmission Type
TPDO1: 1st magnet Position, Speed, CAM Status, Error	1FFh	Cyclic Asynchronous 100ms
TPDO2: 2nd magnet Position, Speed, CAM Status, Error	2FFh	Sync Mode
TPDO3: 3rd magnet Position, Speed, CAM Status, Error	3FFh	Sync Mode
TPDO4: 4th magnet Position, Speed, CAM Status, Error	4FFh	Sync Mode

# Bit Rate (Object 2010)

Bit Rate Index	Bit Rate [kbit/s]
0	1000
1	800
2	500
3	250
4	125
6	50

	Error	Meaning
PDO Error-Byte	0	Normal operation
	1 n	Malfunction, number of missing position magnets according to index 2080 (number of positions)
	81 8n	to much position magnets

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen



## Examples

Example protocols are prepared using the IXXAT USB-to-CAN PC-Interface with CAN-Monitor "miniMon" (IXXAT Automation GmbH, D-88250 Weingarten). These examples enable the user to configure and to run the CANopen slaves from a host PC without using a CANopen master ECU. The miniMon-screen has the configuration and status window at left side, a receive message window and a transmit message window below.

## **Configuration Example 1 - screenshot**

AiniMon V3 by IXXAT					
Elle View Functions Options Help					
🕑 🔕 📷 🥞 🧷 🎩 🖫 💡					
IXXAT Interfaces	Time / 10 mSec	Identifier	Format	Flags	Data
USB-to-CAN compact	00:00:40:59 00:00:43:22 00:00:43:22 00:00:43:89 00:00:43:89 00:00:43:89 00:00:45:53 00:00:45:55	77F 67F 5FF 67F 5FF 5FF	Std Std Std Std Std Std Std Std	Self Self Self	00 2F 00 20 00 7E 60 00 20 00 00 00 00 00 2F 10 20 00 00 60 10 20 00 00 00 00 00 23 10 10 01 73 61 76 65 60 10 10 01 00 00 00 00
Controller initialized					
O Low speed transceiver					
S Transmit pending					
🗿 Data overrun					
C Error warning level					
US OF					
Baudrate: 125 kbit/s Busload %					
	<				>
	Tx	Identifier	Ext.	Rtr	Data
		1CEAFFFD	$\boxtimes$		FC 01 00 00 00
	2	67F			23 10 10 01 73 61 76 65
		67F			2F 00 20 00 7E
	<b>2</b>	67F			2F 10 20 00 00
		67F			23 10 10 01 6C 6F 61 64
	•				<b></b>
Ready					Mso: 7



## **Configuration Example 1 - detailed explanation**

The example shows the Sensor responding on POWER ON with the Boot-Up message. By SDO message the node-Id and the baud rate will be changed to 7Eh and 1000kbit/s. Finally the host sends an SDO "SAVE" to store the configuration nonvolatile.

Note: Changes of of node-Id and baud rate will become effective on next POWER ON sequence. So the SAVE command has to address the old SDO-COB-Id.

Time / 10 mS	iec	Identifier		Format	Flags	Data
00:00:40.59	Boot-Up mess	sage	77F	Std		00
00:00:43.22	Set node Id to	9 7 E	67F	Std	Self	2F 00 20 00 7E
00:00:43.22	Response		5FF	Std		60 00 20 00 00 00 00 00 00
00:00:43.89	Set baud rate	to 1000kbit/s	67F	Std	Self	2F 10 20 00 00
00:00:43.89	Response		5FF	Std		60 10 20 00 00 00 00 00 00
00:00:45.53	SAVE		67F	Std	Self	23 10 10 01 73 61 76 65
00:00:45.56	Response		5FF	Std		60 10 10 01 00 00 00 00

#### Screen Shot Explanation:

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen



# **Configuration Example 2 - screenshot**

MiniMon V3 by IXXAT							
Eile View Functions Options Help							
	T: 110.0	1.1	<b>F</b> .	51			
INVAL Interfaces	Time / TU mSec	Identifier	Format	Flags	Data		
CON A: S10 1000	00:00:17.36	//E	50 <u></u> 514	Colf	2P 00 19 05 E4 01 00 00		
INF. CHINH, SON 1000	00:00:48.90	566	Std	561			
	00:01:02.70	67E	Std	Self	23 00 18 01 F1 01 00 00		
	00:01:02.70	5FE	Std		60 00 18 01 00 00 00 00		
	00:01:06.85	67E	Std	Self	23 80 1F 00 08 00 00 00		
	00:01:06.85	5FE	Std		60 80 1F 00 00 00 00 00		
	00:01:10.90	67E	Std	Self	23 10 10 01 73 61 76 65		
	00:01:10.91	5FE	Std		60 10 10 01 00 00 00 00		
🚯 Controller initialized	00:01:19.92	77E	Std		00		
A Low speed transceiver	00:01:19.92	1F1	Std		66 1B 00 00		
	00:01:20.42	11	Std		67 1B 00 00		
🚯 Transmit pending	00:01:20.92	151	510 CH		67 IB 00 00 CC 10 00 00		
🚯 Data overrun	00:01:21:42	1.42 1F1 Std					
6 Error warning level	00:01:21:32	161	Sid		66 1B 00 00		
Bus off	00:01:22.92	1F1	Std		66 1B 00 00		
U Bas on	00:01:23.42	0:01:23:42 1F1 Std					
Baudrate: 1000 kbit/s	00:01:23.92	1F1	Std		68 1B 00 00		
Busload %							
							×
$\sim$							<u> </u>
	Tx	Identifier	Ext.	Rtr	Data		
	<b>₽</b>	1CEAFFFD			FC 01 00 00 00		
		67E			23 10 10 01 73 61 76 65		
	₽	67E			23 00 18 01 F1 01 00 00		
	₽	67E			23 80 1F 00 08 00 00 00		
	₽	67E			23 11 10 01 6C 6F 61 64		
r Ready	1					Msg: 19	



## **Configuration Example 2 - detailed explanation**

The message window shows the slave responding on POWER ON with the Boot-Up message on new node-id 7Eh. Event timer of PDO1 is changed to 500ms and COB-Id of PDO1 is changed to 1F1h. Finally "Autostart" is activated (automatic transition to operational) and the configuration stored nonvolatile with "SAVE". On POWER OFF / POWER ON the slave starts sending PDOs asynchronously with the new COB-Id after the Boot-Up message.

Time / 10 m	Sec	Identifier		Format	Flags	Data
00:00:17.36	Boot-Up Mess	age	77E	Std		00
00:00:48.90	Set PDO1 Eve	nt Timer 500	67E	Std	Self	2B 00 18 05 F4 01 00 00
00:00:48.90	Response		5FE	Std		60 00 18 05 00 00 00 00
00:01:02.70	Set PDO1 CO	B-ld to 1F1	67E	Std	Self	23 00 18 01 F1 01 00 00
00:01:02.70	Response		5FE	Std		60 00 18 01 00 00 00 00
00:01:06.85	Set Autostart		67E	Std	Self	23 80 1F 00 08 00 00 00
00:01:06.85	Response		5FE	Std		60 80 1F 00 00 00 00 00
00:01:10.90	SAVE		67E	Std	Self	23 10 10 01 73 61 76 65
00:01:10.91	Response P	OWER OFF	5FE	Std		60 10 10 01 00 00 00 00
00:01:19.92	Boot Up on PC	WER ON	77E	Std		00
00:01:19.92	Cyclic PDO Tr	ansfer	1F1	Std		66 1B 00 00
00:01:20.42	on Power On		1F1	Std		67 1B 00 00
00:01:20.92			1F1	Std		67 1B 00 00
00:01:21.42			1F1	Std		66 1B 00 00
00:01:21.92			1F1	Std		67 1B 00 00
00:01:22.42			1F1	Std		66 1B 00 00
00:01:22.92			1F1	Std		66 1B 00 00
00:01:23.42			1F1	Std		68 1B 00 00
00:01:23.92			1F1	Std		68 1B 00 00

#### Screenshot explanation:

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Output CANopen





	Signal	Plug connection	Cable connection	View to sensor connector
Signal wiring /	Shield	1	braid	
connection	Excitation +	2	brown	
	GND	3	white	(
	CAN-H	4	blue	\\\\3 <sup>°</sup> °4 ///
	CAN-L	5	black	

# CAN bus wiring

Connect the device by a T-connector to the CAN trunk line. Total length of stubs should be minimized. <u>Do not use</u> single stub lines longer than 0.5 m. Connect terminating resistors 120 Ohm at both ends of the trunk line.





Description	Linear encoder according to standard SAE J1939. Configuration of opera- ting parameters by proprietary-A-Message (peer-to-peer connection). Pro- cess data exchange by proprietary-B-Message (broadcast).						
CANJ1939 CAN SAE J1939	CAN specification Transceiver Communication profile Baud rate Internal temination resistor Address	ISO 11898, Basic and Full CAN 2.0 B 24V-compliant, not isolated SAE J1939 250 kbit/s 120 $\Omega$ (option) Default 247d, configurable					
NAME Fields	Arbitrary address capable Industry group Vehicle system Vehicle system instance Function Function instance ECU instance Manufacturer Identity number	0 0 7Fh (127d) 0 FFh (255d) 0 0 145h (325d) 0nnn	No Global Non specific Non specific Manufacturer ID Serial number 21 bit				
Parameter Group Numbers (PGN)	Configuration data Process data	PGN EF00h PGN FFnnh	Proprietary-A (PDU1 peer-to-peer) Proprietary-B (PDU2 broadcast); nn Group Extension (PS) configurable				
Specifications	Excitation voltage Excitation current Measuring rate Stability (temperature) Repeatability Operating temperature Protection Dielectric strength EMC	18 36 V DC Typ. 20 mA for 24 V, max 1 kHz (asynchronous) ±50 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> / °C f.s. 1 LSB -40 +85 °C Reverse polarity, short cir 500 V (V AC, 50 Hz, 1 mi EN 61326-1:2013	. 80 mA rcuit n.)				

When using multiple magnets the distance between two magnets must be min. 70 mm to identify the single magnets definitely!

Signal wiring and connection see page 39.



## Setup procedure



#### Warning notice

- Changing the parameters can cause a sudden step of the instantaneous value and can result in unexpected machine (re)actions!
- Precautions to prevent danger for man or machine are necessary!
- Execute parametrizing at standstill of the machine only!

#### Node-ID

The default Node-ID the sensor will claim on power up is user or factory configurable. The user can configure by "Commanded Address" service according to the J1939 standard or by Peer-to-Peer message as described below.

#### **User configuration**

User accessible parameters including node-ID may be configured by peerto-peer proprietary A message PGN 0EF00h. The parameters are accessed by byte-index and read/write operations coded in the data frame. The slave will return the data frame including the acknowledge code. Parameter values will be effective immediatly. On execution of "Store Parameters" the configuration is saved nonvolatile.

#### Peer-to-peer message (PGN 0x00EF00), send/receive format

	to peer message (r en execti ve), senarecente format									
	PG	3N				8 Byte data frame				
	PGN <sub>HIGH</sub>	PGN <sub>LOW</sub> (Node-ID)	Index	Rd/Wr	0	Ack	4-Byte Data			
Requ	uest: Control Unit → Sensor									
$\rightarrow$	0EFh	dd	i	0/1	0	0	LSB			MSB
Resp	sponse: Control Unit									
←	0EFh	CC	i	0/1	0	а	LSB			MSB

a: Acknowledge codes:

0: Acknowledge, 81: Read only parameter, 82: Range overflow, 83: Range underflow, 84: Parameter does not exist

- dd: Sensor Node-ID (Default 0F7h, 247d)
- cc: Control-Unit Node-ID



# **Configuration examples**

Example: Set Transmit Cycle to 10ms, Index 31, Node-ID 247d (F7h)

	PGN <sub>HIGH</sub>	PGN <sub>LOW</sub>				8 Byte da	ata frame			
$\rightarrow$	0EFh	0F7h	1Fh	01h	00	00	0Ah	00	00	00
$\leftarrow$	0EFh	сс	1Fh	01h	00	00	0Ah	00	00	00
Exam	ple: Read Trar	nsmit Cycle va	lue, Inde	ex 31						
$\rightarrow$	0EFh	0F7h	1Fh	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
←	0EFh	сс	1Fh	00	00	00	0Ah	00	00	00
Exam	ple: Store Par	ameters perma	anently,	Index 28						
$\rightarrow$	0EFh	0F7h	1Ch	01h	00	00	65h	76h	61h	73h
←	0EFh	сс	1Ch	01h	00	00	65h	76h	61h	73h
Exam	ple: Reload fa	ctory defaults,	Index 2	9						
$\rightarrow$	0EFh	0F7h	1Dh	01h	00	00	64h	61h	6Fh	6Ch
←	0EFh	сс	1Dh	01h	00	00	64h	61h	6Fh	6Ch
Exam	Example: Broadcast (PGN <sub>LOW</sub> = 0FFh) - Reload factory defaults of all sensors, Index 29									

$\rightarrow$	0EFh	0FFh	1Dh	01h	00	00	64h	61h	6Fh	6Ch
←	0EFh	сс	1Dh	01h	00	00	64h	61h	6Fh	6Ch

Table of	Index 21	Bit rate
Table of	0	1000 kBit/s
hit rates	1	800 kBit/s
(see next page.	2	500 kBit/s
index 21)	3	250 kBit/s
,	4	125 kBit/s
	5	50 kBit/s



Parameter	Index [dec]	Default	Range / Selection	Unit	Read / Write
Control					
Node ID	20	247	128 247		rd/wr 1)
Baude rate	21	3 (250kB)	0 5		rd/wr <sup>2)</sup>
Termination resistor	22	0	-		rd <sup>2)</sup>
Store parameters	28	-	"save" 3)		wr
Reload factory defaults	29	-	"load" 3)		wr <sup>2)</sup>
Communication					
Transmit mode	30	0	0 timer 1 request 2 event		rd/wr
Transmit cycle	31	100	10 65535	ms	rd/wr
PGN Group Extension	32	0	0 255		rd/wr
Event mode hysteresis	38	1000	0 10000	steps	rd/wr
Process data byte order	39	0	0 little / 1 big endian		rd/wr
Measurement					
Code sequence	70	0	0 CW 1 CCW		rd/wr
Number of position magnets	72	1	1 4		rd/wr
Measuring step	73	50	1 1000	μm	rd/wr
Preset	74	0	0 10000	steps	rd/wr
Averaging Filter	77	1	1 255		rd/wr
Identification					
SW Version	198	-	4 bytes	number	rd
Serial number	199	-	4 bytes	number	rd
Identity number	200	_	21 bit	number	rd

#### **Configurable parameters** Linear Encoder Parameters - Standard Configuration

<sup>1)</sup> Change of Node ID by writing to index 20 is effective immediately and initiates Address Claiming

<sup>2)</sup> Effective on next power-up

<sup>3)</sup> "save" MSB...LSB: 73h, 61h, 76h, 65h

"load" MSB...LSB: 6Ch, 6Fh, 61h, 64h

Broadcast access by  $PGN_{LOW} = 0FFh$  addresses the specified index of all sensors.

### Process data

Process data are transmitted by broadcast proprietary-B-Message PGN 0x00FFxx where the low byte is configurable. If the number of position magnets is configured to more than one magnet, position and velocity values are transmitted by a number of successive process data messages.

Byte order of process data m	nessage
------------------------------	---------

1,2 ...

B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Error	M_Index	Velocity		Position			
*)	1 4	MSB	LSB	MSB			LSB

\*) Error codes: 0

= no error= error, number of missing magnets

M\_Index: 081h, 082h ... = error, number of too many magnets detected Auto incrementing index for subsequent process data management in multimagnet configuration.

40 MAN-PC-E-2016

ASM GmbH

# POSICHRON® Output CAN SAE J1939



	Signal	Plug connection	Cable connection	View to sensor
Signal wiring /	Shield	1	braid	connector
connection	Excitation +	2	brown	
	GND	3	white	2001
	CAN-H	4	blue	
	CAN-L	5	black	∭ 3 <sup>°</sup> °4 ///

CAN bus<br/>wiringConnect the device by a T-connector to the CAN trunk line. Total length of<br/>stubs should be minimized. Do not use single stub lines longer than 0.5 m.<br/>Connect terminating resistors 120 Ohm at both ends of the trunk line.





Connector cable for POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> position sensors M12 8 pin The 8-lead shielded cable is supplied with a mating 8-pin 90° M12 connector at one end and 8 wires at the other end. Available lengths are 2, 5 and 10 m. Wire: cross sectional area  $0.25 \text{ mm}^2$ .

KAB - XM - M12/8F/W - LITZE

IP69K: KAB - XM - M12/8F/W/69K - LITZE

Order code:

Length in m



Connector cable for POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> position sensors M12 8 pin The 8-lead shielded cable is supplied with a mating 8-pin M12 connector at one end and 8 wires at the other end. Available lengths are 2, 5 and 10 m. Wire: cross sectional area  $0.25 \text{ mm}^2$ .



Order code:					
	KAB - XM - M12/8F/G - LITZE				
IP69K:	KAB - XM - M12/8F/G/69K - LITZE				
Le	ngth in m				

Connector cable wiring - M12, 8 pin	Connector pin / cable color								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	White	Brown	Green	Yellow	Grey	Pink	Blue	Red	

Connector cable wiring - M12, 4 pin	Connector pin / cable color						
	1	2	3	4			
	Brown	White	Blue	Black			





Connector cable wiring - M8, 4 pin	Connector pin / cable color						
	1	2	3	4			
5 7 1	Brown	White	Blue	Black			



The 5-lead shielded cable is supplied with a Connector/bus cable 1,5 [.06] female 5-pin M12 connector at one end and for POSICHRON® a male 5-pin M12 connector at the other end. position sensors Ø 14,5 [.571] M12×1 531] Available lengths are 0.3 m, 2 m, 5 m and 5 pin M12 10 m. CAN bus 30 [1.181] 12 43 [1.693] Order code: KAB - XM - M12/5F/G - M12/5M/G - CAN IP69K: KAB - XM - M12/5F/G/69K - M12/5M/G/69K - CAN Length in m Ø 14,5 [.57] M12×1 T-piece for bus cable 5 pin M12 26,8 [1.06] 27,1[1.07] Order code: CAN bus 40,2 [1.58] KAB - TCONN - M12/5M - 2M12/5F - CAN M12 x1 Terminating resistance Order code:

5 pin M12 CAN bus

KAB - RTERM - M12/5M/G - CAN



# PCMAG5

Magnet guidance distance

Maximum	Misalignment		± ′	12 mm		
Pro	file orientation	fl	at	up	right	
	Linearity	L02	L10	L02	L10	
Profile	Magnet		Air G	ap [mm]		
PCQA22 /	PCMAG5	1 - 2	1 - 4			
PCQA24	PCMAG5-6	2 - 4	2 - 6			
	PCMAG5-20	4 - 8	4 - 10			
	PCMAG5-25	6 - 8	4 - 14			
PCPF23 /	PCMAG5	1 - 3	1 - 5	1 - 3	1 - 5	
PCFP24	PCMAG5-6	3 - 5	3 - 7	3 - 5	3 - 7	
	PCMAG5-20	5 - 9	5 - 11	5 - 9	5 - 11	
	PCMAG5-25	7 - 9	5 - 15	7 - 9	5 - 15	
PCFP25	PCMAG5	3 - 5	3 - 7	2 - 4	2 - 6	
	PCMAG5-6	5 - 7	5 - 9	4 - 6	4 - 8	
	PCMAG5-20	7 - 11	7 - 13	6 - 10	6 - 12	
	PCMAG5-25	9 - 11	7 - 17	8 - 10	6 - 16	
PCRP21	PCMAG5	1 - 4	1 - 6			
	PCMAG5-6	4 - 6	4 - 8			
	PCMAG5-20	6 - 10	6 - 12			
	PCMAG5-25	8 - 10	6 - 16			
PCRP32	PCMAG5	1 - 3	1 - 5			
	PCMAG5-6	3 - 5	3 - 7			
	PCMAG5-20	5 - 9	5 - 11			
	PCMAG5-25	7 - 9	5 - 15			
PCST24 /	PCMAG5	1 - 4	1 - 6			
PCST25 / PCST27	PCMAG5-6	4 - 6	4 - 8			
	PCMAG5-20	6 - 10	6 - 12			
	PCMAG5-25	8 - 10	6 - 16			

#### Air Gap





Misalignment











# PCMAG5

Magnet guidance distance

Maximum	Misalignment		±	6 mm		
Pro	file orientation	f	at	upi	right	
	Linearity	L02	L10	L02	L10	
Profile	Magnet		Air G	ap [mm]	1	
PCQA22 /	PCMAG5	1 - 4	1 - 6			
PCQA24	PCMAG5-6	2 - 6	2 - 8			
	PCMAG5-20	4 - 10	4 - 12			
	PCMAG5-25	6 - 10	4 - 16			
PCPF23 /	PCMAG5	1 - 5	1 - 7	1 - 5	1 - 7	
PCFP24	PCMAG5-6	3 - 7	3 - 9	3 - 7	3 - 9	
	PCMAG5-20	5 - 11	5 - 13	5 - 11	5 - 13	
	PCMAG5-25	7 - 11	5 - 17	7 - 11	5 - 17	
PCFP25	PCMAG5	3 - 7	3 - 9	2 - 6	2 - 8	
	PCMAG5-6	5 - 9	5 - 11	4 - 8	4 - 10	
	PCMAG5-20	7 - 13	7 - 15	6 - 12	6 - 14	
	PCMAG5-25	9 - 13	7 - 19	8 - 12	6 - 18	
PCRP21	PCMAG5	1 - 6	1 - 8			
	PCMAG5-6	4 - 8	4 - 10			
	PCMAG5-20	6 - 12	6 - 14			
	PCMAG5-25	8 - 12	6 - 18			
PCRP32	PCMAG5	1 - 5	1 - 7			
	PCMAG5-6	3 - 7	3 - 9			
	PCMAG5-20	5 - 11	5 - 13			
	PCMAG5-25	7 - 11	5 - 17			
PCST24 /	PCMAG5	1 - 6	1 - 8			
PCST25 / PCST27	PCMAG5-6	4 - 8	4 - 10			
	PCMAG5-20	6 - 12	6 - 14			
	PCMAG5-25	8 - 12	6 - 18			

## Air Gap





Profile orientation flat

• O)

Profile orientation upright









Dimensions in mm [inch]



## PCRPMAG6

Guided magnet slider for PCRP21 with internal position magnet







Dimensions in mm [inch]













Dimensions in mm [inch]



## PCSTMAG3

(float, continuous pressure up to 9 bar, for media with a specific gravity of  $\geq 0,75$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

Material: 1.4404





Note: Dependent on the design the available measurement range is reduced of 25 mm on both ends!

## PCSTMAG6

(float, continuous pressure up to 30 bar, for media with a specific gravity of  $\geq 0.7$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

Material: 1.4571



Note: Dependent on the design the available measurement range is reduced of 25 mm on both ends!

Dimensions in mm [inch]

# POSICHRON<sup>®</sup> Reliability characteristics



Models	PCFP23, PCFP24, PCFP25,					
	PCST	PCST24, PCST25, PCST26, PCST27,				
	PCRP	21, PCRP32,				
	PCQA	22, PCQA24				
Outputs	U1	Voltage output	0 10 V			
	U2	Voltage output	0.5 10 V			
	U3	Voltage output	0 5 V			
	U8	Voltage output	0.5 4.5 V			
	l1	Current output	4 20 mA			
	12	Current output	0 20 mA			
Characteristics	Proba	bility of failure	0,6 x 10⁻⁶/h			
	Life p	eriod MTTF	190 years			
	Worki	ng Life	10 years			
		-				

**Standards** SN29500 Failure rate electronic components (Siemens)

#### www.asm-sensor.com

p.p. Peter Wirth Head of Development

ASM GmbH

documents:

Directives: 2014/30/EU (EMC)

Standards: EN 61326-1:2013 (EMC)

We

declare under our sole responsibility that the product

Name: Position sensor Model: PCQA22, PCQA24, PCFP23, PCFP24, PCFP25

PCRP21, PCRP32, PCST24, PCST25, PCST26, PCST27

ASM GmbH

Germany

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Options: U1, - U2, - U3, - U8, - I1, -I2 - SSI, - CANOP, - CANJ1939

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standards or other normative

**EU Declaration of Conformity** 

Moosinning, 22<sup>nd</sup> 02.2016



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